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## artificial insemination





## incubator





- 7 falcons (gyrfalcons -falco rusticolus- and gyrfalcon hybrids)
- 2 male, 5 female
- age at presentation ranged between 30, 40,
  70 and 90 days

- falcons were bred by artificial insemination and incubation
- different parents different lines
- experienced breeder
  - 595 falcons in 2005
- 35-45/595 blind falcons hatched

#### history:

- obvious visual deficits: failed to pick food from mothers beak
- obvious ocular changes noted by the breeder
- change in the breeding conditions and the procedure (2005):
  - increase of incubator temperature from 37,2 to 37,4°C

# day 30















#### ophthalmic examination: procedure

- slitlamp
- topical anesthesia
- tonometry (Tonopen®)
- induction of mydriasis
- slitlamp
- indirect ophthalmoscopy
- photographs
- sonography

# ophthalmic examination



# induced mydriasis

- inhalation of isoflurane
- limbal paracentesis with 30 G canula
- injection of 0.03 cc d-Tubocurarine-solution (3 mg/ml), conservative free



- general examination
- radiography
- computer assisted tomography
- sonography
- endoscopy
  - biopsies of liver and kidney
- hematology, serum biochemistry, serology
- autopsy, histopathology (1/7 only > 6 months)

### results: ophthalmologic examination

• bilateral microphthalmus, variable degree (7/7)



# results ophthalmologic examination

• corneal curvature "seemed" flattened



# results ophthalmologic examination

• intraocular pressure OS/OD (mmHg):

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– I: 10/9
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– II: 9/8

– III: 4/7

- IV: <4/6

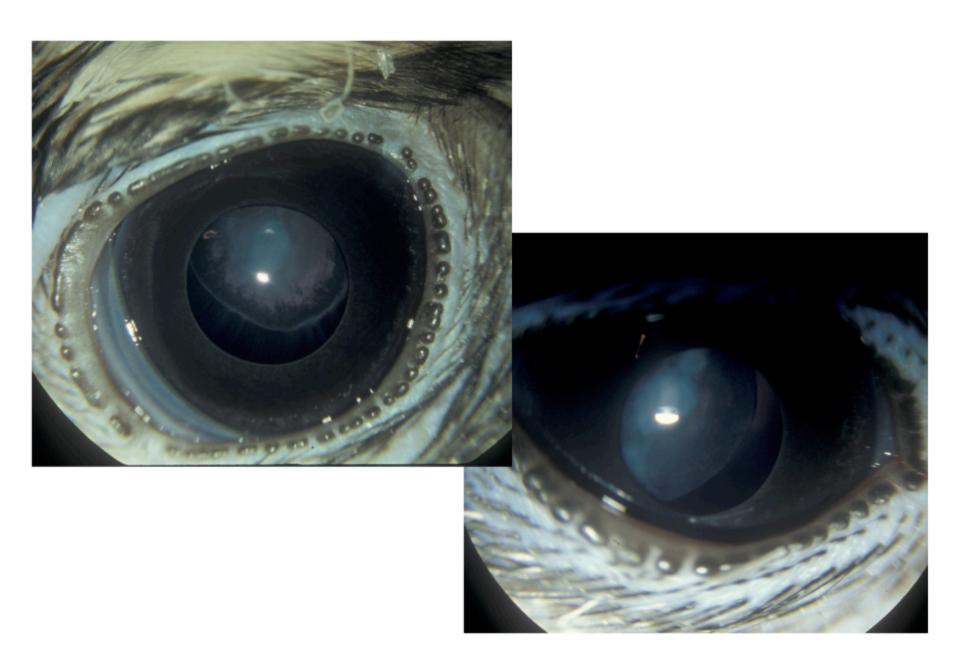
- V: <4/<4

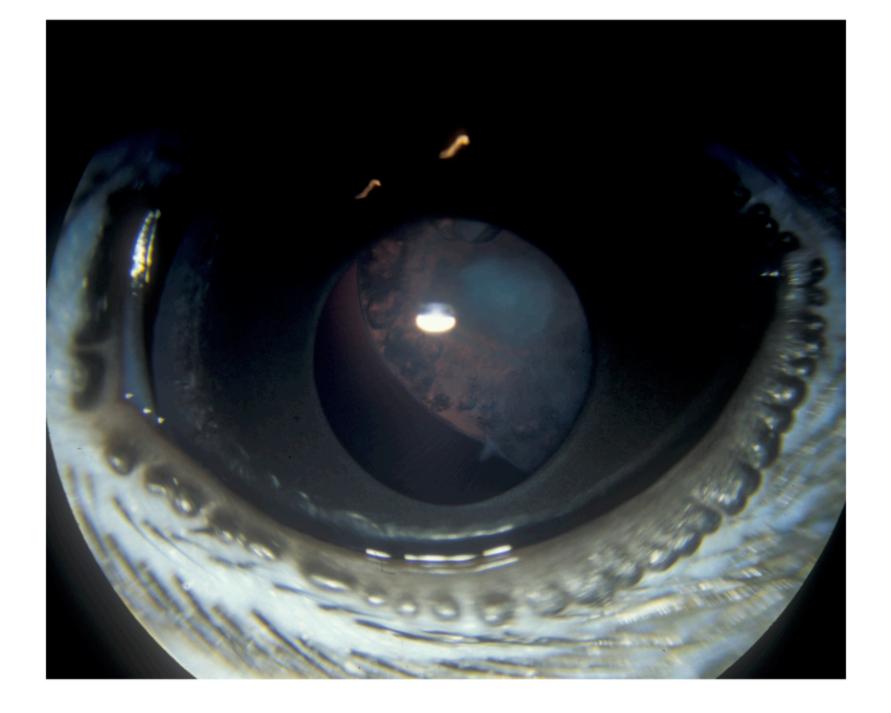
- VI: <4/12

– VII: 10/9

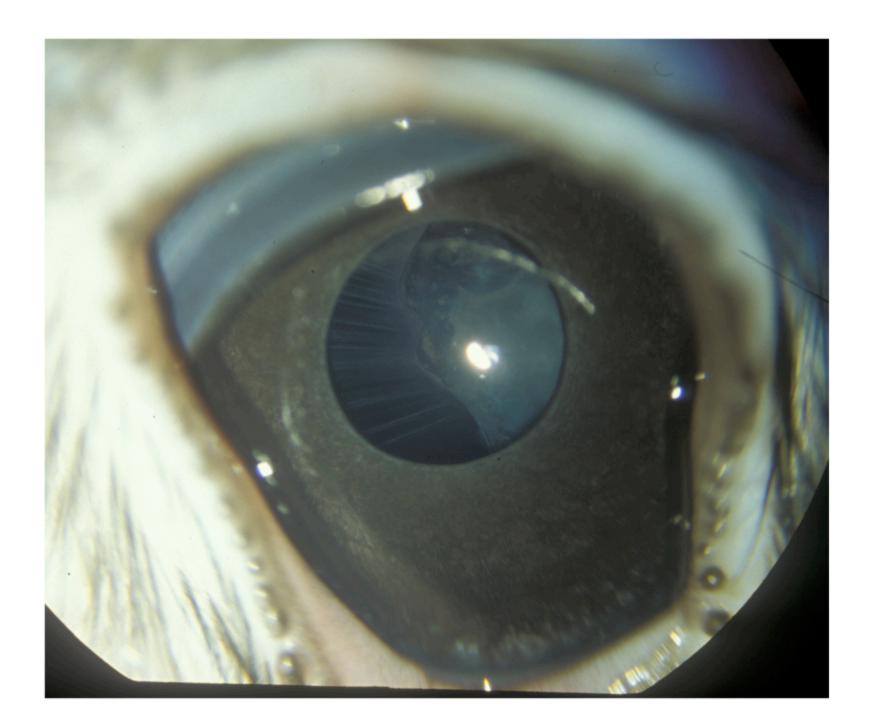
### results: ophthalmologic examination

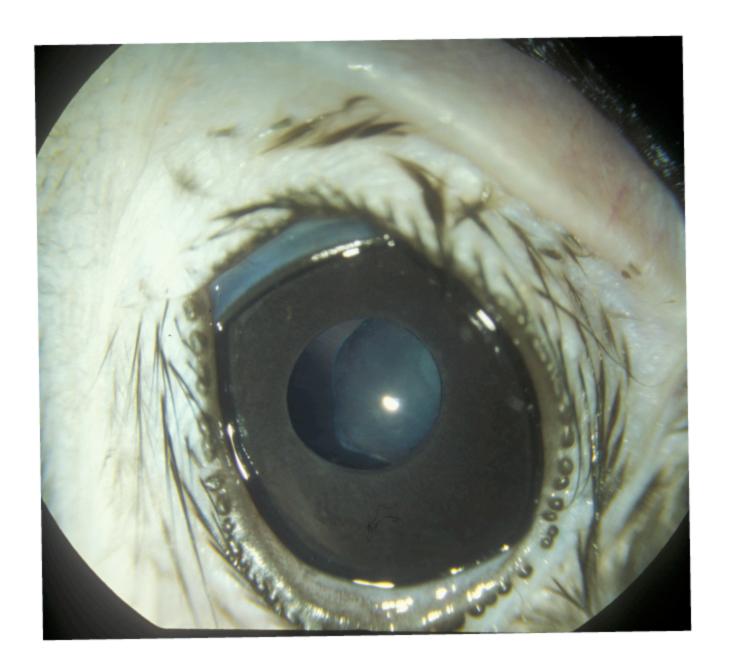
- bilateral cataracts (7/7)
  - predominantly nuclear, extending into cortex
- bilateral microphakia and misshaped lenses (7/7)
  - flattened
  - equatorial indentation
- zonular ligaments
  - elongated
  - thickened
- ophthalmoscopy: no obvious pathologic changes (7/7)

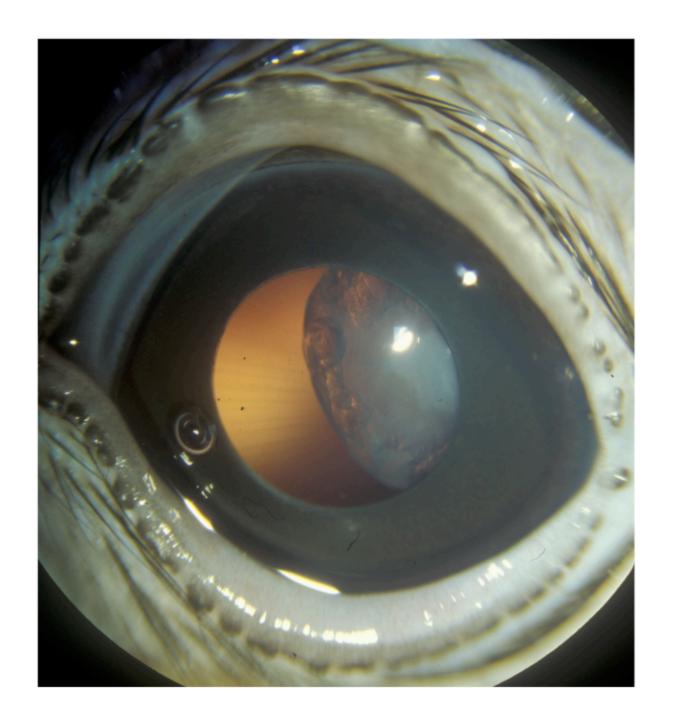


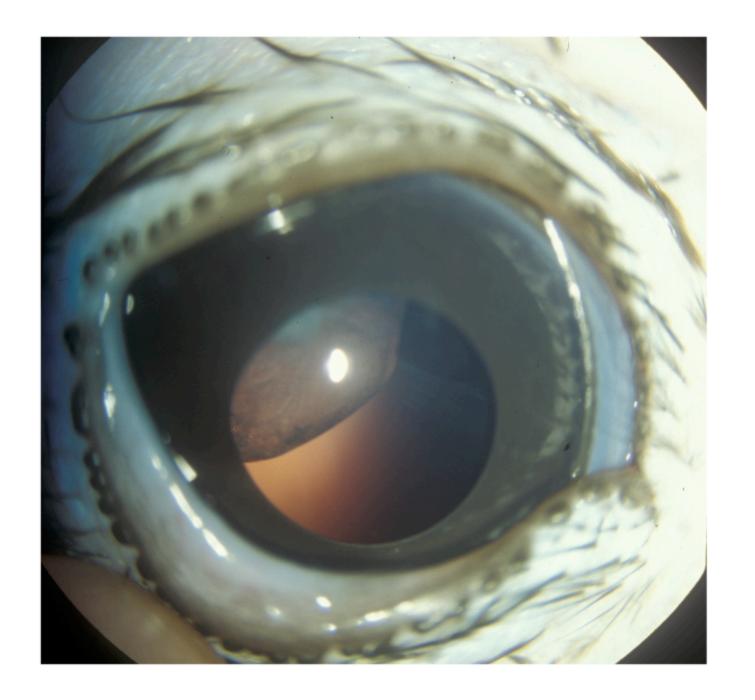


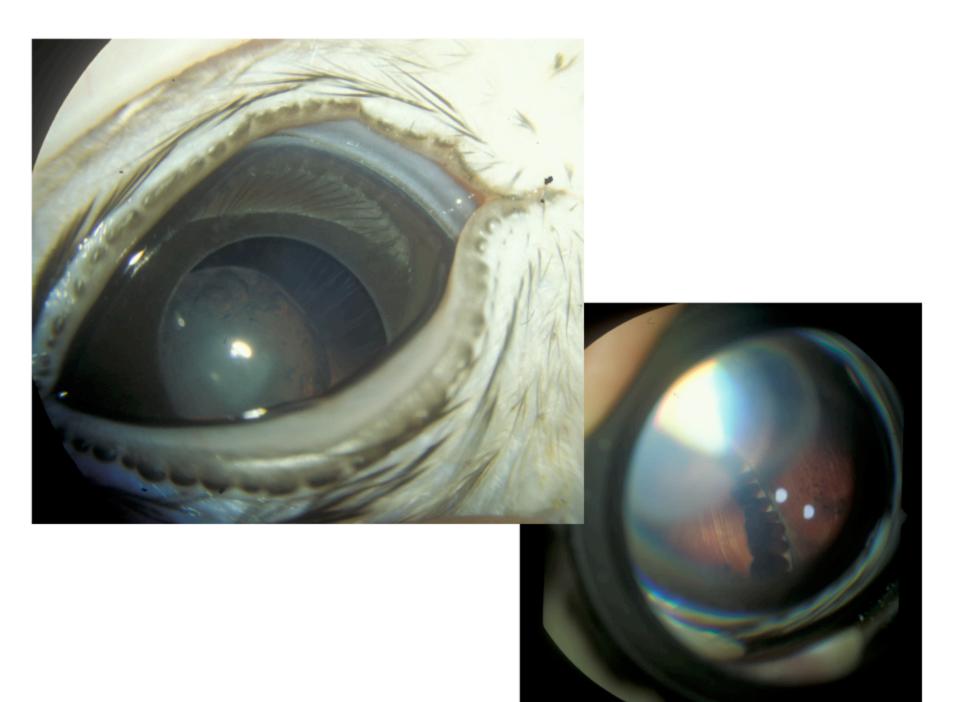


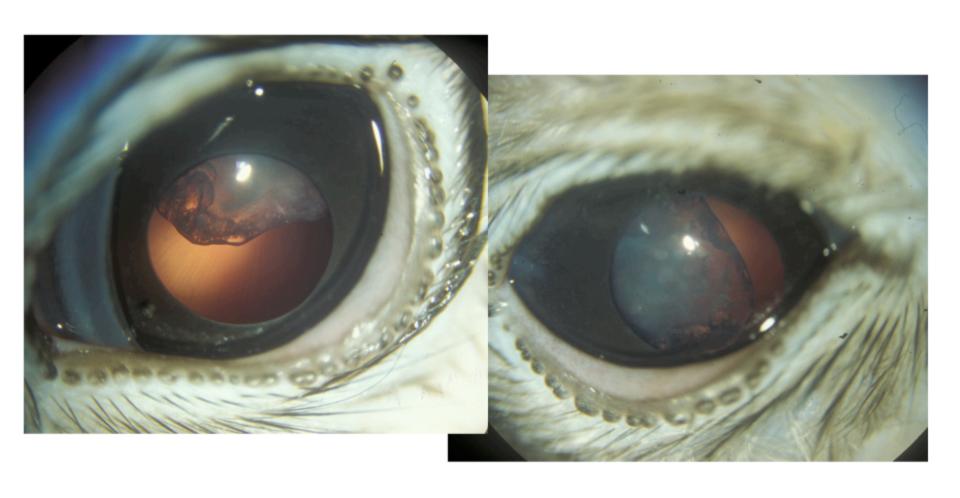




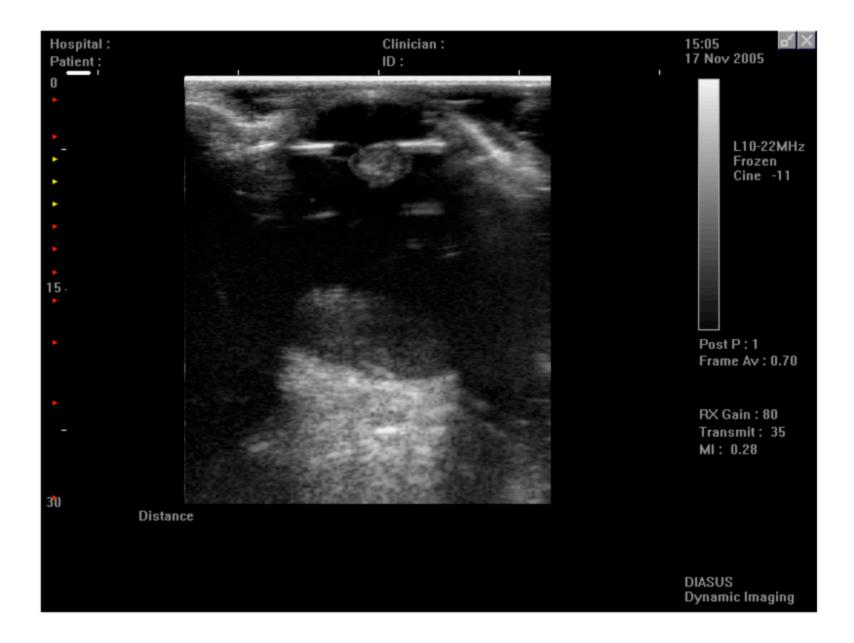








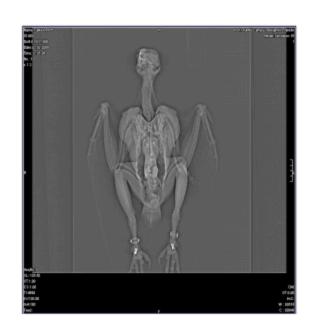
diagnosis: bilateral multiple congenital ocular anomalies (7/7) (rather uniform appearance)



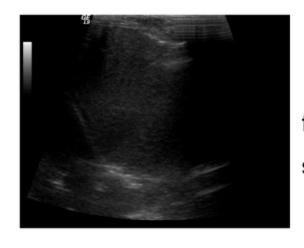
results:

GE, radiographs,

CT & ultrasound







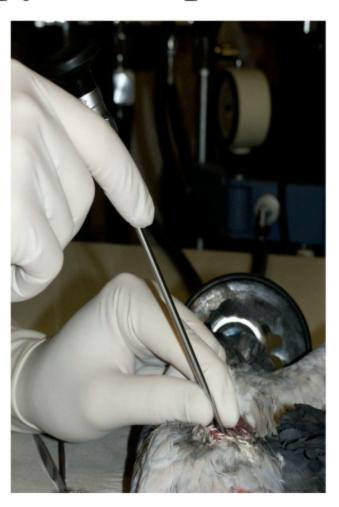
falcon 4 sonography liver

no abnormalities found

## results: endoscopy & biopsies







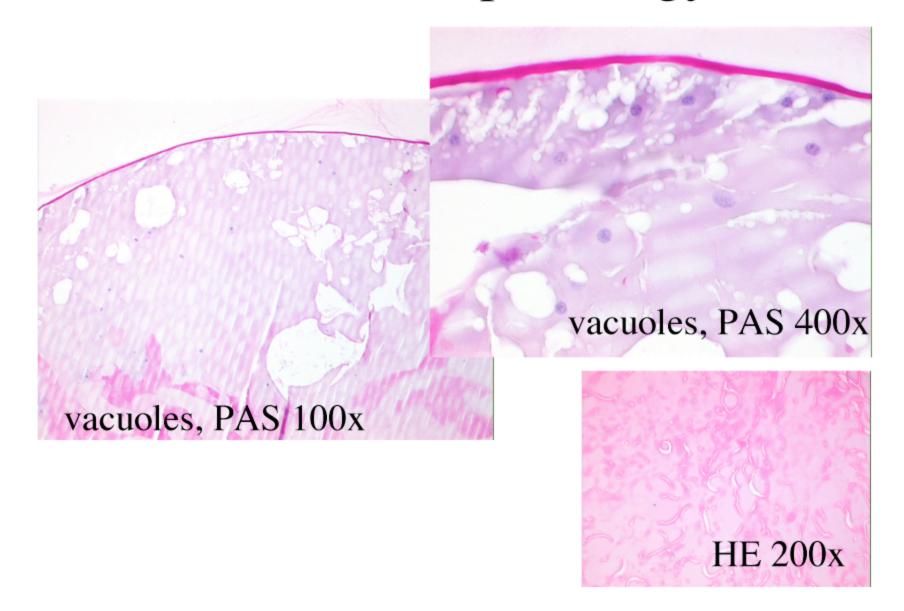
no abnormalities found

#### results

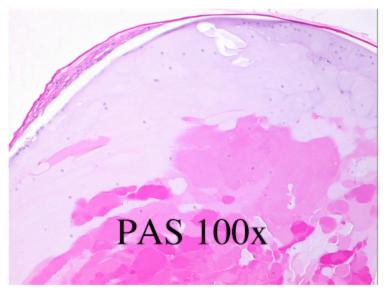
- hematology, serum biochemistry, serology
  - including vitamine E
- autopsy, general histopathology

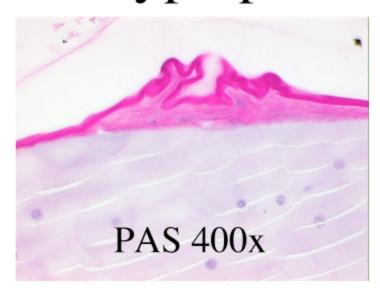
no abnormalities found

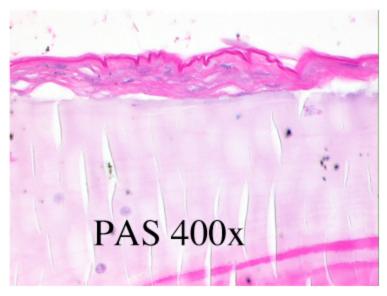
# results: ocular histopathology: lens

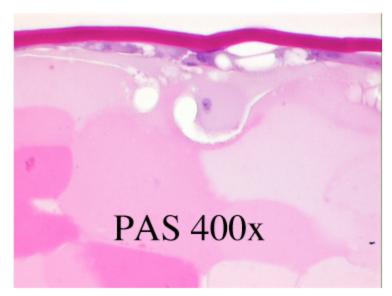


## lens vacuoles and fibre hyperplasia

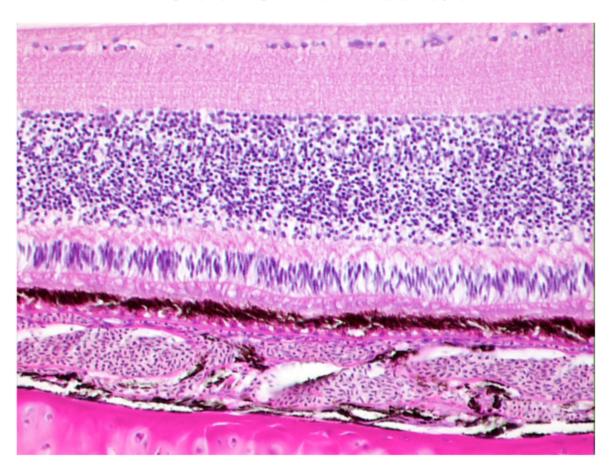








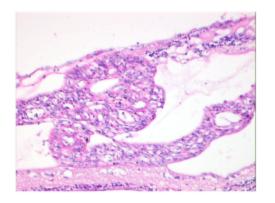
# retina: no abnormalities 6/7



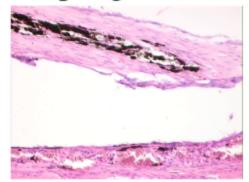
**PAS 250x** 

# unilateral peripapillar retinal atrophy 1/7

**PAS 250x PAS 320x**  contralateral focal synechia of atrophied retina and pecten, retinal detachment PAS 200x



subretinal fibrous infiltration and accumulation of melanophages HE 200x



### conclusion of the results

- bilateral multiple congenital ocular anomalies (7/7)
  - microphthalmus, cataract, microphakia, misshaped lens
- unilateral peripapillar retinal atrophy with contralateral subretinal fibrous infiltrate (1/7)
  - postinflammatory
- no other abnormalities found
  - general examination
  - radiographs, CT, sonography, endoscopy
  - blood work
  - autopsy

# general considerations possible etiopathogenetic factors

- genetic, colour related?
- nutritional?
  - vitamine E
- environmental?
  - incubator temperature:

French NA: Effects of incubation temperature on the gross pathology of turkey embryos. British Poultry Science 1994: 35; 363-371

- mycotoxins

- ...

etc.



thank you!